

The Grand Lodge revived in 1716.

A Grand assembly held in 1714 at the Goose and Spideron, St. Paul's Churchyard, when Bro: Anthony Sayer was elected Grand Master.

1718. At the Grand assembly George Payne Esq. was elected Grand Master.

1719. <sup>John</sup> Theophilus Desaguliers L.L.D. F.R.S. Grand Master.

1720. George Payne Esq. re-elected G.M.

1720 The office of Deputy Grand Master revived

1721. John, Duke of Montague G.M.  
John Beale, Deputy G.M.

1721. Andersen's Book of Constitutions compiled

1722. Duke of Wharton elected G.M.

~~1723. Duke of Wharton re-elected G.M.  
Dr Desaguliers J.G.M.~~

1723. Earl of Pembroke G.M.  
Dr Desaguliers J.G.M.

1724. Duke of Richmond G.M.  
Martin Folkes J.G.M.

A general fund of charity established  
to enable the Grand Lodge to assist any  
Fellow in distress.

1725. Lord Paisley G.M.  
Dr Desaguliers J.G.M.

1726. Lord Inchiquin G.M.  
William Couper Esq. J.G.M.

Provincial Grand Masters first ap-  
pointed in this year.

1727. Lord Coleraine. G.M.

Alexander Choke. P.G.M.

1728. Lord Kingston. G.M.

Nathaniel Blackeby. P.G.M.

Twelve Grand Stewards first appointed

1729-30 Duke of Norfolk G.M.

Nath. Blackeby. P.G.M.

The Duke of Norfolk presented the  
Grand Lodge with a sword of state,  
an old and trusty sword, worn by  
Gustavus Adolphus, King of Sweden,  
and at his decease by Bernard, Duke  
of Joye Heiman, his successor, with  
both their names engraved upon the  
blade. The scabbard is adorned with

the arms of Norfolk embroidered in silver.

1731. Thomas Choke, Lord (Lord) G. M.

Thomas Watson. P. G. M.

A private lodge held at Throughton Hall, Norfolk, at which the Grand Duke of Brunswick, and the Duke of Mecklenburg were raised to the degree of Master Masons.

1732. Lord Montague G. M.

Thomas Weston re-elected P. G. M.

1733. Earl of Stratford G. M.

Thomas Watson P. G. M.

1734. The Earl of Crawford G. M.

Sir Cecil Wray Bart. P. G. M.



Lord Crawford continued in the Chair  
for two years.

1736. Earl of London. G. M.  
John Ward Esq. P. G. M.

1737. Earl of Pembury. G. M.  
John Ward Esq. afterwards Lord Ward  
P. G. M.  
Frederick, Prince of Wales, made a  
Freemason.

1738. Marquis of Carnarvon. G. M.  
(afterwards Lord Chandos)  
John Ward Esq. re-elected P. G. M.  
The Grand Master presented the  
Grand Lodge, with two golden cross  
pens in a knot, to be worn by  
the Secretary of the G. L.  
Anderson's Edition of the Constitution Books  
published. -

1739. Lord Raymond G. M.  
William Lysons. P. G. M.

1740. Earl of Hinton G. M.  
W. Lysons, re-elected P. G. M.

1741. Earl of Norton G. M.  
Martin Clare Esq. P. G. M.

1742. John. Dow. W. M. G. M.  
Sir Robert Lawley Bt. P. G. M.

1743. The above, re-elected.

1744. Earl of Strathmore G. M.  
William Vaughan Esq. P. G. M.

1745. Lord Cranston G. M.  
Edmund Gledy M. D. P. G. M.

1746. The former G. M & G. P. M.  
re-elected.

1747. Lord Byron G. M.  
Toothuly Baken Esq. G. P. M.  
In this year, public processions on  
feast days were dis-continued.  
The grand master Lord Byron was  
very inactive. Several years passed by  
without his coming to a grand assembly,  
and he even refused to nominate his  
successor. The fraternity, finding them-  
selves neglected, had a consultation  
about electing a more active grand  
master. An assembly was held, accord-  
ing to advertisement, at which Bro.  
Thomas Manninham M.P. gave the  
fraternity the most prudent advice  
for their future observance. They all  
submitted to his superior judgement



and the breach was healed.

1752. Lord Carysfort G. M.

Thomas Manningham M. P. P. G. M.  
The whole assembly expressed the greatest joy on the happy occasion of their meeting. Lord Carysfort devoted himself with the greatest application to the interests of the Craft, and the P. G. M. distinguished himself, not only by his great skill in the Royal art of masonry, but by his frequent visits to the lodges, even in the most remote parts of the City of London, Westminster, and the suburbs. The Grand Master was prevailed upon to continue in office two years, during which masonry flourished in the highest degree.

1754. James, Marquis of Larnemon. G. M.  
Dr. Manningham. P. G. M. This



noble Grandmaster, as a true Lewis showed a particular regard for masonry, not only by his constant attendance at the Grand Lodge, but by frequently visiting the principal lodges, of the city of London, and the suburbs. He likewise followed the example of his noble father, by making a handsome present to the Grand Lodge, of two crosses, deep gilt, and encircled with blue, for an ornament to be worn by the Grand Treasurer. He was prevailed upon by the repeated entreaties of the fraternity, to continue in the Chair for the space of five years, during which the Royal Art made great progress, and a great addition was made to the list of lodges. In the year 1755 Grand certificates were first issued, and in 1758 Litch's edition of the

Constitution book was published.

1759. Lord Aberdeen G. M.

John Davis. P. G. M. In his grand  
mastership George 2<sup>d</sup> died, after a  
reign of 33 years, during which no less  
than 20 noble grand Masters patronized  
the fraternity. Lord Aberdeen continued in  
the Chair for these years.

1762 Lord Ferrers. G. M.

John Davis. P. G. M.  
At this time there were 294 lodges,  
under the grand mastership of Lord Ferrers.

1763 Lord Ferrers. G. M.

Colonel John Saller. P. G. M.